## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

I

1. (Currently amended) <u>A compound comprising Oxamide derivatives of formula</u>

### A-D-B (I)

wherein

- D is a bivalent oxamide moiety, or a derivative thereof,
- A is a-an unsubstituted or substituted moiety of up to 40 carbon atoms of the formula: -L-(M- $L')_{\alpha}$ , where wherein L is a 5, 6 or 7 membered cyclic structure, preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, arylene and heteroarylene, bound directly to D, L' comprises an optionally substituted cyclic moiety having at least 5 members, preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl, M is a bond or a bridging group having at least one atom,  $\alpha$  is an integer of from 1-4; and each cyclic structure of L and L' contains 0-4 members of selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein L' is preferably substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of  $-SO_{\beta}R_{x}$ ,  $-C(O)R_{x}$  and  $-C(NR_{y})R_{z}$
- B is a substituted or unsubstituted, up to tricyclic aryl or heteroaryl moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms, preferably of up to 20 carbon atoms, comprising at least one 5-, 6-, or 7-membered cyclic structure, preferably a 5- or 6-membered cyclic structure, bound directly to D containing 0-4 members of selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein said cyclic structure directly bound to D is preferably

selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, R<sub>y</sub> is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally halosubstituted, up to per halo,

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and or carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and are optionally substituted by a halogen;

 $R_x$  is  $R_z$  or  $NR_aR_b$ , where  $R_a$  and  $R_b$  are

a) independently hydrogen, a carbon based moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and or carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen, or

-OSi( $R_f$ )<sub>3</sub> where  $R_f$  is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and or carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and are optionally substituted by a halogen;

or

- b) R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> together form a 5-7 member heterocyclic structure of 1-3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O, or a substituted 5-7 member heterocyclic structure of 1-3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O substituted by halogen, hydroxy or carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and are optionally substituted by a halogen; or
- c) one of R<sub>a</sub> or R<sub>b</sub> is -C(O)-, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> divalent alkylene group or a substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> divalent alkylene group bound to the moiety L to form a cyclic structure with at least 5 members, wherein the substituents of the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> divalent alkylene group are selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, and carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by <u>a</u> halogen;

where B is substituted, L is substituted or L' is additionally substituted, the substituents are selected from the group consisting of <u>a</u> halogen, <del>up to per-halo,</del> and W $\gamma$ , where  $\gamma$  is 0-3;

wherein each W is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -C(O)NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -C(O)-R<sup>5</sup>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)OR<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)R<sup>5</sup>, -Q-Ar, and carbon based moieties of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the groups consisting of -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -C(O)NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -C(O)-R<sup>5</sup>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)OR<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)R<sup>5</sup> and halogen up to per halo; with each R<sup>5</sup> independently selected from H or a carbon based

> moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, wherein Q is -O-, -S-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^5$ )-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>, -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>O-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>) )<sub>β</sub>S-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>β</sub>N(R<sup>5</sup>)-, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>β</sub>, -CHHal-, -CHal<sub>2</sub>-, -S-(CH<sub>2</sub>).- and or  $N(R^5)(CH_2)_{\beta}$  where  $\beta = 1-3$ , and Hal is halogen; and Ar is a 5- or 6-member aromatic structure containing 0-2 members selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, which is optionally substituted by halogen, up to per-halo, and optionally substituted by  $Z_{\delta 1}$  wherein  $\delta 1$  is 0 to 3 and each Z is independently selected from the group consisting -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  $-C(O)NR^5R^5$ ,  $-C(O)-R^5$ ,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ ,  $-SO_2R^5$ ,  $-SO_3H$ , -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)OR<sup>5</sup>, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)R<sup>5</sup>, and a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O and optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of-CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, -C(O)-R<sup>5</sup>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sup>5</sup>,  $-SR^5$ ,  $-SO_2R^5$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-NR^5R^5$ ,  $-NR^5C(O)OR^5$ ,  $-NR^5C(O)R^5$ , and the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts and solvates thereof.

- 2. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 1, eharacterised in that <u>wherein</u> each M independently from one another <u>represents is a bond or is a bridging group, selected from the group consisting of (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>h</sub>, or <u>and (CHR<sup>5</sup>)</u><sub>h</sub>-Q-(CHR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>i</sub>, wherein</u>
  - Q is selected from a group consisting of O, S, N-R<sup>5</sup>, (CHal<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub>, (O-CHR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>j</sub>, (CHR<sup>5</sup>-O)<sub>j</sub>, CR<sup>5</sup>=CR<sup>5</sup>, (O-CHR<sup>5</sup>CHR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>j</sub>, (CHR<sup>5</sup>CHR<sup>5</sup>-O)<sub>j</sub>, C=O, C=S, C=NR<sup>5</sup>, CH(OR<sup>5</sup>), C(OR<sup>5</sup>)(OR<sup>5</sup>), C(=O)O, OC(=O), OC(=O)O, (C=O)N(R<sup>5</sup>)C(=O), OC(=O)N(R<sup>5</sup>), N(R<sup>5</sup>)C(=O)O, CH=N-NR<sup>5</sup>, S=O, SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>5</sup>-und and NR<sup>5</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>, wherein

- R<sup>5</sup> is in each case independently selected from the meanings given above, preferably the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, aryl, and aralkyl,
- h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6, preferably 0, 1, 2 or 3, and
- j is <u>0</u>, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, <del>preferably 0, 1, 2 or 3</del>.
- 3. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 1, selected from the compounds of comprising formula II,

$$(R^8)_p$$
  $Ar^1$   $N$   $N$   $X$   $Ar^2$   $(R^{10})_r$   $(R^9)_q$   $II$ 

wherein

- Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup> are selected independently from one another from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from the group consisting of N, O-und and S,
- $R^{8}$ ,  $R^{9}$  and  $R^{10}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal, CH<sub>2</sub>Hal, CH(Hal)<sub>2</sub>, C(Hal)<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OR<sup>11</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOR<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CONR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>CONR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>S(O)<sub>u</sub>R<sup>13</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC(O)R<sup>13</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COR<sup>13</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SR<sup>11</sup>, CH=N-OA, CH<sub>2</sub>CH=N-OA,

(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NHOA, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH=N-R<sup>11</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>COOR<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>11</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>13</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>11</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>11</sup>)C(R<sup>13</sup>)HCOOR<sup>12</sup>,
C(R<sup>13</sup>)HCOR<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>11</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>12</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>COOR<sup>12</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>11</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, CH=CHCOOR<sup>11</sup>,
CH=CHCH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, CH=CHCH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, CH=CHCH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>13</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(COOR<sup>11</sup>)COOR<sup>12</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(CONH<sub>2</sub>)COOR<sup>11</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>COOR<sup>11</sup>)COOR<sup>12</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)COOR<sup>11</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>COOR<sup>11</sup>)COOR<sup>12</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CHR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>11</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CHR<sup>13</sup>COOR<sup>11</sup>,
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CHR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>11</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CHR<sup>13</sup>COOR<sup>11</sup>,

- $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A,  $(CH_2)_mAr^3$  and  $(CH_2)_mHet$ , or in  $NR^{11}R^{12}$ ,
- R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocyclus heterocycles which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from the group consisting of N, O and S,
- $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, Hal, A,  $(CH_2)_mAr^4$  and  $(CH_2)_mHet$ ,
- A is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>4</sup> are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues comprising 5 to 12 and preferably 5 to 10 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a the group consisting of A, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, OR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, COOR<sup>15</sup>, CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>16</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>15</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, S(O)<sub>u</sub>A and OOCR<sup>15</sup>,

Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, OR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, COOR<sup>15</sup>, CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>16</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>15</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, S(O)<sub>u</sub>A and OOCR<sup>15</sup>,

- $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, and  $(CH_2)_mAr^5$ , wherein
- Ar<sup>5</sup> is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from a the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>3</sub>,

k, m and n are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5;

- X represents a bond or is  $(CR^{11}R^{12})_h$ , or  $(CHR^{11})_h$ -Q- $(CHR^{12})_i$ , wherein
- Q is selected from a the group consisting of O, S, N-R<sup>15</sup>, (CHal<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub>, (O-CHR<sup>18</sup>)<sub>j</sub>, (CHR<sup>18</sup>-O)<sub>j</sub>, CR<sup>18</sup>=CR<sup>19</sup>, (O-CHR<sup>18</sup>CHR<sup>19</sup>)<sub>j</sub>, CHR<sup>18</sup>CHR<sup>19</sup>-O)<sub>j</sub>, C=O, C=S, C=NR<sup>15</sup>, CH(OR<sup>15</sup>), C(OR<sup>15</sup>)(OR<sup>20</sup>), C(=O)O, OC(=O), OC(=O)O, C(=)N(R<sup>15</sup>), N(R<sup>15</sup>)C(=O), CH=N-O, CH=N-NR<sup>15</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>C(O)O, S=O, SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>15</sup>-und and NR<sup>15</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>, wherein
- $R^{18},\,R^{19},\,R^{20}$  are independently selected from the meanings given for  $R^8,\,R^9$  and  $R^{10},\,$
- h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and

j is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,

- Y is selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR<sup>21</sup>, C(R<sup>22</sup>)-NO<sub>2</sub>, C(R<sup>22</sup>)-CN and C(CN)<sub>2</sub>, wherein
- R<sup>21</sup> is independently selected from the meanings given for R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and
- R<sup>22</sup> is independently selected from the meanings given for R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup>,
- p, r are independently from one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,
- q is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, preferably 0, 1 or 2,
- u is 0, 1, 2 or 3, <del>preferably 0, 1 or 2</del>,

and

Hal is independently selected from a the group consisting of F, Cl, Br and I;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts and solvates thereof.

4. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 3, selected from the compounds of formula IIa, IIb, IIc, IId, IIe, IIf, IIg and IIh,

$$(R^8)_p$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $(R^9)_q$ 
IIa

$$(R^8)_p$$
  $H$   $(R^9)_q$   $IIb$ 

$$(R^8)_p$$
 $H$ 
 $(R^9)_q$ 
IId

$$R^{8} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} H & Y & X & X & R^{10} \\ N & & & & & \\ O - N & & & & & \\ \end{pmatrix}_{H} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} X & & & & \\ (R^{9})_{q} & & & & \\ \end{pmatrix}_{IIe}$$

$$R^{8} \longrightarrow N^{-O} \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow (R^{9})_{q} \longrightarrow IIg$$

$$R^{8} \xrightarrow{N-O} Y \xrightarrow{H} (R^{9})_{q}$$
IIh

wherein R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, p, X, Y, R<sup>9</sup>, q are as defined in claim 3 and R<sup>10</sup> is H or as defined in claim 3;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts and solvates thereof.

- 5. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 1, selected from the compounds (1) to (224) of table 1, and the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts and solvates thereof.
- 6. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 1 as <u>wherein said compound is a medicament.</u>
- 7. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 1 as wherein said compound is a kinase inhibitor.
- 8. (Currently amended) <u>The compound Oxamide derivative</u> according to claim 7, characterized in that <u>wherein</u> the <u>kinase inhibitor inhibits a raf-kinase kinases are selected from raf-kinases</u>.
- 9. (Currently Amended) <u>A Ppharmaceutical composition</u>, <del>characterized in that it</del> e<del>ontains</del> comprising one or more of the compounds according to claim 1.
- 10. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ppharmaceutical composition according to claim 9</u>, characterised in that it contains comprising one or more additional compounds, selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable excipients, auxiliaries, adjuvants, carriers and pharmaceutical active ingredients other than the compounds according to claim 9.

- 11. (Currently Amended) A Pprocess for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition, characterised in that comprising mixing one or more compounds according to claim 1 and with one or more compounds, selected from the group consisting of carriers, excipients, auxiliaries and pharmaceutical active ingredients other than the compounds according to claim 1, is processed by mechanical means into a pharmaceutical composition that is suitable as dosage form for application and/or or administration to a patient.
- 12. (Currently amended) Use of a The compound according to claim 1 as wherein said compound is a pharmaceutical.
- 13. (Currently Amended) Use of a compound according to claim 1 in the treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders A method of treatment or prophylaxis of disorders comprising administering a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of the compound according to claim 1.
- 14. (Currently Amended) Use of a compound according to claim 1 for producing a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment and/or\_prophylaxis of disorders A method of treatment or prophylaxis of disorders comprising administering a patient in need thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of the compound according to claim 1.
- 15. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 13, characterised in that wherein the disorders are caused, mediated and/or or propagated by raf-kinases.
- 16. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 13, characterised in that wherein the disorders are selected from the group consisting of hyperproliferative and nonhyperproliferative disorders.
- 17. (Currently Amended) Use <u>The method</u> according to claim 13, <del>characterised in that wherein the disorder is cancer.</del>

- 18. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 13, characterised in that wherein the disorder is noncancerous.
- 19. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 13, characterised in that wherein the noncancerous disorders are selected from the group consisting of psioarsis, arthritis, inflammation, endometriosis, scarring, Helicobacter pylori infection, beginn prostatic hyperplasia, immunological diseases, autoimmune diseases and immunodeficiency diseases.
- 20. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 13, characterised in that wherein the disorders are selected from the group consisting of melanoma, brain cancer, lung cancer, squamous cell cancer, bladder cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer, hepatic cancer, renal cancer, colorectal cancer, breast cancer, head cancer, neck cancer, oesophageal cancer, gynaecological cancer, ovarian cancar, ovary cancer, uterine cancer, prostate cancer, thyroid cancer, lymphoma, chronic leukaemia and acute leukaemia.
- 21. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 15, characterised in that wherein the disorders are selected from the group consisting of arthritis, restenosis; fibrotic disorders; mesangial cell proliferative disorders, diabetic nephropathy, malignant nephrosclerosis, thrombotic microangiopathy syndromes, organ transplant rejection, glomerulopathies, metabolic disorders, inflammation, solid tumors, rheumatic arthritis, diabetic retinopathy, and neurodegenerative diseases.
- 22. (Currently Amended) Use The method according to claim 15, characterised in that wherein the disorders are selected from the group consisting of rheumatoid arthritis, inflammation, autoimmune disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma, inflammatory bowel disease, fibrosis, atherosclerosis, restenosis, vascular disease, cardiovascular disease, inflammation, renal disease and angiogenesis disorders.
- 23. (Currently amended) Use of a The compound according to claim 1 as wherein said compound is a raf-kinase inhibitor.

- 24. (Currently amended) Use <u>The compound according to claim 23</u>, characterised in that wherein the raf-kinase is selected from the group consisting of A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf-1.
- 25. (Currently Amended) <u>A Mmethod for the treatment and/or or prophylaxis of disorders, characterised in that wherein one or more compounds according to claim 1 is administered to a patient in need of such a treatment.</u>
- 26. (Currently Amended) The Mmethod according to claim 25, wherein the one or more compounds are administered as a pharmaceutical composition. characterised in that the one or more compounds according to one of the claims claim 1 to 5 are administered as a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 9 or 10.
- 27. (Currently Amended) <u>The Mm</u>ethod for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders according to claim 26, characterized in that wherein the disorder is caused, medicated and /or or propagated by raf-kinase.
- 28. (Currently amended) <u>The Mm</u>ethod for the treatment according to claim 27, eharacterised in that wherein the disorder is cancerous cell growth mediated by raf-kinase.
- 29. (Currently amended) <u>A Mmethod for producing compounds of formula II, eharacterised in that comprising, reacting</u>
  - a) a compound of formula III

$$(R^8)_p$$
  $Ar^1$   $N$   $Y$   $L^1$   $III$ 

wherein

L<sup>1</sup> is Cl, Br, l, OH, an esterified OH-group or a diazonium moiety, and R<sup>8</sup>,
 p, Ar<sup>1</sup>, Y are as defined in claim 3,

#### is reacted

b) with a compound of formula IV,

$$L_{L^{3}}^{2}$$
  $(R^{9})_{q}$  IV

wherein

 $L^2$ ,  $L^3$  are independently from one another H or a metal ion, and  $R^9$ , q, X,  $Ar^2$ ,  $R^{10}$  and r are as—as defined in claim 3,

and optionally

- c) isolating and/or or treating the compound of formula II obtained by said reaction with an acid, to obtain the salt thereof.
- 30. (Currently amended) A Ccompound of formula III,

$$(R^8)_p$$
  $Ar^1$   $N$   $Y$   $L^1$   $III$ 

wherein

L<sup>1</sup> is Cl, Br, l, OH, an esterified OH-group or a diazonium moiety, and R<sup>8</sup>, p, Ar<sup>1</sup>, Y are as defined in claim 3.

## 31. (Currently amended) A Compound of formula IV,

$$L_{N}^{2}$$
  $(R^{9})_{q}$  IV

wherein

- L<sup>2</sup>, L<sup>3</sup> are independently from one another H or a metal ion, and R<sup>9</sup>, q, X, Ar<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and r are as defined in claim 3.
- 32. (New) The compound according to claim1, wherein said compound is an oxamide derivative.

# 33. (New) The compound comprising formula II,

$$(R^8)_p$$
  $- Ar^1$   $N$   $N$   $X - Ar^2 - (R^{10})_r$   $(R^9)_q$ 

wherein

Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup> are selected independently selected from one another from a group consisting of aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, or ONC<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>,

 $R^8$ ,  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal,  $CH_2Hal$ ,  $CH(Hal)_2$ ,  $C(Hal)_3$ ,  $NO_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCN$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOR^{11}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_kNR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}CONR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}SO_2A$ ,  $(CH_2)_nSO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nS(O)_uR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOC(O)R^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCOR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nSR^{11}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nSR^{11}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNHOA$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCH=N-R^{11}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$ ,  $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{12}$ .

$$\begin{split} &C(R^{13})HCOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2N(R^{12})CH_2COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2NR^{11}R^{12},\\ &CH=CHCOOR^{11}, CH=CHCH_2NR^{11}R^{12}, CH=CHCH_2NR^{11}R^{12}, CH=CHCH_2OR^{13},\\ &(CH_2)_nN(COOR^{11})COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)COOR^{11}, (CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)CONH_2,\\ &(CH_2)_nN(CH_2COOR^{11})COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)COOR^{11},\\ &(CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)CONH_2, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COR^{11}, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COOR^{11},\\ &(CH_2)_nCHR^{13}CH_2OR^{14}, (CH_2)_nOCN \ and \ (CH_2)_nNCO, \ wherein \end{split}$$

 $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A,  $(CH_2)_mAr^3$  and  $(CH_2)_mHet$ , or in  $NR^{11}R^{12}$ ,  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$  form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycles which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from the group consisting of N, O and S,

 $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, Hal, A,  $(CH_2)_m Ar^4$  and  $(CH_2)_m Het$ ,

A is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,

Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>4</sup> are independently aromatic hydrocarbon residues comprising 5 to 12 carbon atoms optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from the group consisting of A, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, OR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, COOR<sup>15</sup>, CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>16</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>15</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, S(O)<sub>u</sub>A and OOCR<sup>15</sup>,

Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, OR<sup>15</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, COOR<sup>15</sup>, CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>COR<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>15</sup>CONR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, NR<sup>16</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>15</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, S(O)<sub>u</sub>A and OOCR<sup>15</sup>,

 $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$  are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, and  $(CH_2)_mAr^5$ , wherein

Ar<sup>5</sup> is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>3</sub>,

k, m and n are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5;

X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, and CH<sub>2</sub>,
p, r are independently from one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,
q is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,
u is 0, 1, 2 or 3, and

Hal is independently selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br and I; and the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts and solvates thereof.